PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

Translation INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference						
S 2843	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/EP2004/000488	22.01,2004	23.01.2003				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nat	ional classification and IPC					
C08B 35/06, A61K 47/	48					
Applicant						
SUPRAMOL PARENTERAL	COLLOIDS GMBH					
This report is the international preli- under Article 35 and transmitted to 19	minary examination report, established by	this International Preliminary Examining Authority				
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	••	nding this cover sheet				
3. This report is also accompanied by A		ading the cover succe.				
		·				
1	to the International Bureau) a total of					
sheets of the descriptions of the description of th	enon, craims and/or drawings which have be etifications authorized by this Authority (se	een amended and are the basis for this report and/or e Rule 70,16 and Section 607 of the Administrative				
sheets which supers	ede earlier sheets, but which this Authority	considers contain an amendment that goes beyond				
the disclosure in th	e international application as filed, as indic	ated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental				
parama	Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and no	mban of daments and it (a)				
o	Darees only a total of (Indicate type aist it	niper of electromic carrier(s);				
soluted thereto in commute	and the form of the state of th	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables				
related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).						
4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:						
Box No. I Basis of the	report					
Box No. II Priority						
Box No. III Non-establi	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					
Box No. IV Lack of uni	ty of invention					
Box No. V Reasoned s						
Box No. VI Certain doc	uments cited					
Box No. VII Certain defe	ects in the international application					
Box No. VIII Certain obs	Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application					
Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report						
Date of Statistical of the demand	Date of completion	or time report				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/	Authorized officer					
	. Authorized officer					
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.					

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/000488

Bo.	x No. I	Basis of the report				
1.	With regar	rd to the language , this report is based on the internationaler this item.	nal application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise			
	This which	This report is based on translations from the original language into the following language which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:				
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))				
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4	•			
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and	·			
2.	With regar receiving t this report	egard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on treplacement sheets which have been furnished to the ng Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to sort);				
	the in	nternational application as originally filed/furnished				
	the d	lescription:				
	page	s 1-16	as originally filed/fimished			
	page	s*	received by this Authority on			
-	page	S*				
	the c	laims:				
	nos.	1-30	as originally filed/furnished			
	pos.*		as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19			
	nos.*					
	nos.*	•	received by this Authority on			
	the d	rawings:				
	sheet					
	sheet		as originally filed/furnished			
	sheet					
	a seq	uence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplem	ental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.			
3.	The a	nmendments have resulted in the cancellation of:				
		the description, pages				
		the claims, nos.				
		the drawings, sheets/figs	· ·			
		the sequence listing (specify):				
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (spec(fy):				
4.	This they l	report has been established as if (some of) the amend	ments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since ed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).			
		the description, pages				
		the claims, nos.				
#	If item 4 ap	plies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "supe				

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/000488

Box	x No. V Reasoned statem	ent under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;	7400	
1.	citations and exp	lanations supporting such statement		
	Novelty (N)	Claims 3-8, 16-19, 21-22, 26-29 Claims 1-2, 9-15, 20, 23-25, 30	YES NO	
	· Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-30	YES NO	
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-30	NO	
2.	Citations and explanations (Rule	70.7)		
	1 This rep document	ort makes reference to the followings:		
		279 486 A (AKADEMIE DER WISSENSCHAFTEN DER) 6 June 1990 (1990-06-06)		
	D2: DE	38 36 600 A (WOLFF WALSRODE AG) 3 May 1990		
	12 1	101 26 158 A (NOVIRA CHEM GMBH) December 2002 (2002-12-12) D3/000738 A (FRESENIUS KABI DEUTSCHLAND		
	GMBI	H) 3 January 2003 (2003-01-03)		
	2 Document	D1 discloses (the references between		
		ses refer to that document) a method for		
	activating polymer compounds containing hydroxyl			
	groups an	nd solid surfaces formed therefrom.		
		describes the reaction of pearl cellulose		
		metrical carbonates such as N,N'-		
		midyl-carbonate (see no. 1). Starches		
		ch hydrolysis products (see, e.g.,		
		no. 12) can be used as polymers		
		ng hydroxyl groups. Solvents such as		
	acetone o	or chloroform are highly suitable (see		

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

page 3). The use of the produced, activated matrix was tested in the example relating to the coupling of proteins such as concanavalin A. The field of application is the chemical and pharmaceutical industry.

2.1 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1

Consequently, document D1 discloses all the features of independent claim 1 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

2.2 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 14

Consequently, document D1 discloses all the features of independent claim 14 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

2.3 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 20

Consequently, document D1 discloses all the features of independent claim 20 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

2.4 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 25

Consequently, document D1 discloses all the features of independent claim 25 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability, citations and explanations supporting such statement

(PCT Article 33(2)).

2.5 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 30

Consequently, document D1 discloses all the features of independent claim 30 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

3 Document D2 discloses (the references between parentheses refer to that document) carbonic acid esters of polysaccharides with a degree of substitution of 0.5 to 3.0 and methods for the production thereof. Starches and dextrins, for example, are suitable starting materials. The reaction can be carried out with or without an additional dispersion agent. Suitable dispersion agents are inert solvents such as hydrocarbons or dimethyl acetamide. The reaction temperature preferably ranges from 20 to 90°C. The polysaccharide carbonates are starting products for producing carbamates and for fixing, for example, enzymes. Example 9 discloses the reaction of starches at room temperature in pyridine and benzene with chlorocarbonic acid phenyl ester.

3.1 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1

Consequently, document D2 discloses all the features of independent claim 1 in combination.

The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

(PCT Article 33(2)).

3.2 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 14

Consequently, document D2 discloses all the features of independent claim 14 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

3.3 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 15

Consequently, document D2 discloses all the features of independent claim 15 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

3.4 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 20

Consequently, document D2 discloses all the features of independent claim 20 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

3.5 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 25

Consequently, document D2 discloses all the features of independent claim 25 in combination. The subject matter of the claim thus lacks novelty (PCT Article 33(2)).

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

4 DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-13, 16-19, 21-24, 26-29

Claims 2-13, 16-19, 21-24 and 26-29 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the PCT requirements for novelty and inventive step.

D3 discloses a polymer mixture that is coupled directly to free primary amino groups of proteins, without causing the unwanted cross-linking of the proteins. Polyoxyalkylenes with reactive end groups are capable of chemically coupling to a reactive amino-, thiol-, hydroxy- or carboxylate group of a protein or biomolecule. A succinimidyl carbonate group or a succinimidyl carbonyl end group is understood by an activated group. discloses drug forms such as antibiotic-starch conjugates for antibiotics such as amphotericin. Amylose and amylopectin are considered as starches. With the preferred use of the hydroxyalkylated starches hydroxyethyl starch and hydroxypropyl starch, the average molecular weight can lie between 2000 and 2.106 Dalton.

- 5 Contrary to PCT Rule 5.1(a)(ii), the description does not cite documents D1 and D2 or indicate the relevant prior art disclosed therein.
- The PCT Contracting States do not have uniform criteria for assessing the industrial applicability of claims 1-30 in their present

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

Box No. V

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/000488

form. Patentability may depend on the wording of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognise the industrial applicability of claims to the medical use of a compound; it does, however, allow claims to the first medical use of a known compound or to the use of such a compound in the manufacture of a drug for a new medical application.

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;